

UNIVERSITY OF MONTENEGRO
INSTITUTE OF FOREIGN LANGUAGES

THE FACULTY OF POLITICAL SCIENCES

ENGLISH COURSE –
INTERMEDIATE

Podgorica, 24.10.2016.

Prepositions

14 Verb + preposition

Complete the sentences with a preposition from the box.

| | | | |
|------|-------|----|----|
| of | about | to | in |
| with | for | on | |

- 1 I think you're wrong. I don't agree _____ you at all.
- 2 I'm not interested _____ what you think of modern art.
- 3 You aren't concentrating on your work. What are you thinking _____ ?
- 4 What are you listening _____ ?
- 5 If you have a problem, talk _____ the teacher.
- 6 **A** What did you talk _____ ?
B Oh, this and that.

- 7 We might have a picnic tomorrow. It depends _____ the weather.
- 8 A What do you think _____ Pete?
B I really like him.
- 9 Where's the cash desk? I'd like to pay _____ this book.
- 10 A I've lost your pen. Sorry.
B It's all right. Don't worry _____ it.
- 11 A What are you looking _____ ?
B My coat! Have you seen it?
- 12 A Bye. I'm off to that new restaurant.
B Lucky you. Who are you going _____ ?

1 with 2 in 3 about 4 to 5 to
6 about 7 on 8 of 9 for 10 about
11 for 12 with



BUCKLE UP!
IT'S GRAMMAR TIME!



TEST YOUR GRAMMAR

Look at the pairs of sentences.
Which one is correct? Why?

- 1 They have a teenage son.
They're having a teenage son.



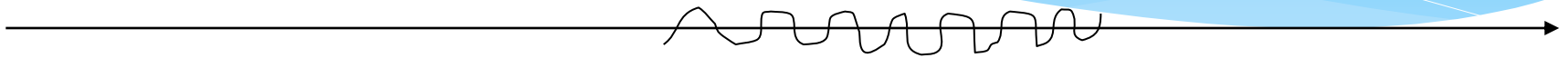
- 2 She speaks five languages.
She's speaking five languages.
- 3 Don't turn off the TV! I watch it.
Don't turn off the TV! I'm watching it.
- 4 Oh no! It rains.
Oh no! It's raining.
- 5 We're thinking opera is boring.
We think opera is boring.
- 6 English speaks all over the world.
English is spoken all over the world.

PRESENT TENSES IN ENGLISH:

□ THE PRESENT CONTINUOUS TENSE

□ THE PRESENT SIMPLE TENSE

The Present Continuous Tense (Trajno Sadašnje Vreme)



Past

present

future

It describes an action which takes part at the moment of speaking (now)

G2.2 Present Continuous and Present Simple

2B 5 p15

- We use the **Present Continuous** for things that:
 - a) are happening at the moment of speaking: *I'm cooking dinner. That's exactly what I'm making!*
 - b) are temporary and happening around now, but maybe not at this exact moment: *I'm writing a book in my spare time. She's doing an evening course in traditional English cooking!*
 - c) are changing over a period of time: *The market is growing rapidly. They're becoming more common in Germany.*

THE PRESENT CONTINUOUS TENSE

VERB TO BE + PRESENT PARTICIPLE
(AM, IS, ARE)

Verb: cook

AFFIRMATIVE

I am cooking

You are cooking

He / She / It is cooking

We are cooking

You are cooking

They are cooking

FORM:

Verb **TO BE** (simple present)

+

MAIN VERB ending in **-ING**

WE FORM INTERROGATIVE FORM BY MEANS OF **INVERSION**
→ SUBJECT AND AUXILIARY **SWAP/CHANGE PLACES.**

SARAH IS **WATCHING** TV.

IS SARAH WATCHING TV?

SHE **IS WRITING** A LETTER.

IS **SHE** WRITING A LETTER?

THEY **ARE** LEAVING.

ARE THEY LEAVING?

Verb: watch TV

INTERROGATIVE

- **Am I watching TV?**
- **Are you watching TV?**
- **Is he / she / it watching TV?**
- **Are we watching TV?**
- **Are you watching TVi?**
- **Are they watching TV?**

NEGATIVE FORM – ADD **NOT** TO VERB TO BE

Verb: play

NEGATIVE

- I **am not** playing
- You **are not** playing
- He / She / It **is not** playing
- We **are not** playing
- you **are not** playing
- They **are not** playing

TIME EXPRESSIONS

•Time Expressions used with the *PRESENT CONTINUOUS* are:

•at present

•at the moment

•these
days

•now

•Look!

•Watch out! Listen!

WHAT ARE THE SIMPSONS DOING?

Describe the picture using Present Continuous:



Homer

Marge

Bart

Lisa

Maggie

The Simpsons

Santa's Little Helper (Bart's dog)

to pick flowers

to play with the dog

to carry the food basket

to lick Bart's face

to sit in the food basket

to have a picnic

to hold a doughnut

to reach for a doughnut

to wear beads

to smile

A white CD-ROM is shown at an angle, tilted clockwise. The text "the Office" is printed on the disc in a black, sans-serif font. "the" is in a smaller font size and positioned above the "O" of "Office". The background is a solid blue color with a subtle white wave-like pattern at the bottom.

the
Office

Describe the following
pictures using the
present continuous tense



What's he doing?



What are they doing?



What's the man doing?



What are they doing?



What's he doing?

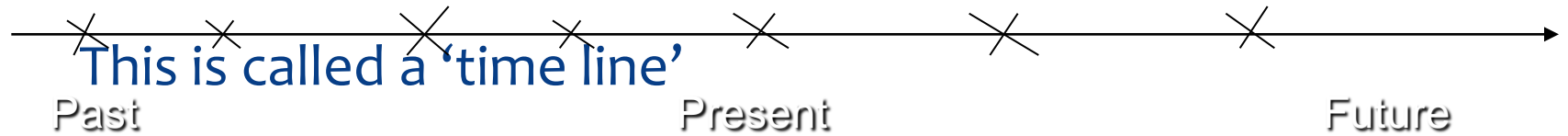


What are they doing?



Present Simple Tense

Sadašnje Vreme



Present Simple describes a repeated or habitual action

Use of Present Simple

- * To talk about permanent states/ facts/ general truths
e.g. *I live in London*
- * To talk about habits
e.g. *I play football every Tuesday.*
- * For timetables (school, train, bus, planes etc.)
e.g. *My flight leaves at 9 o'clock.*

How do we form this tense?

S + Vinf

(subject + Verb infinitive)

If the subject is the third person singular (he, she, it),

we add –s to the verb: **S + V-s/-es**

- *The boys play football every day.*
- Paul **plays** football every day.

Interrogative form

PUT DO AT THE BEGINNING OF THE POSITIVE SENTENCE:

DO + S + Vinf

They live in Spain.

Do they live in Spain?

Interrogative form

PUT DOES FOR THIRD PERSON AT THE BEGINNING OF THE POSITIVE SENTENCE:

DOES + S + Vinf

He lives in Spain.

Does he **LIVES** in Spain?

INTERROGATIVE FORM

SPECIAL ATTENTION:

**IN INTERROGATIVE FORM WE DO
NOT USE **S** IN THIRD PERSON
ONLY INFINITIVE!**

DOES SHE ~~GOES~~ TO SCHOOL?

Negative form

S + DO NOT (DON'T) + Vinf

They live in London.

They don't live in London.

Negative form

S + DOES NOT (DOESN'T) +
Vinf

She lives in Lisbon.

She doesn't live in Lisbon.

NEGATIVE FORM

SPECIAL ATTENTION:

IN NEGATIVE FORM WE DO NOT
USE **S** IN THIRD PERSON ONLY
INFINITIVE!

SHE DOESN'T ~~GOES~~ TO SCHOOL.

Present Simple

Affirmative – Question - Negative

- * I work
- * You work
- * He works**s**
- * She works**s**
- * It works**s**
- * We work
- * You work
- * They work

do+not: don't

- Do I work?
- Do you work?
- Do**es** he work?
- Do**es** she work?
- Do**es** it work?
- Do we work?
- Do you work?
- Do they work?

does+not: doesn't

- I don't work
- You don' work
- He do**esn't** work
- She do**esn't** work
- It do**esn't** work
- We don't work
- You don't work
- They don't work

INTERROGATIVE AND NEGATIVE FORM

E. PUT INTO INTERROGATIVE AND NEGATIVE FORM:

1. We get up at 8 o'clock.
Do we get up at 8 o'clock.?
We don't get up at 8 o'clock.

2. My son goes to school.

3. They study French.

4. Tom speaks German and Russian.

5. The students go to the cinema.

6. She speaks very good English.

7. We listen to music every day.

8. Mary goes for a walk every morning.

Adverbial phrases of time

Every...

Always

Usually

Often

Sometimes

Rarely /seldom

Never

Present Simple Tense

ACTIVITY AND STATE VERBS

- Activity verbs talk about activities and actions. We can use activity verbs in the Present Simple and the Present Continuous (and other continuous verb forms): *I watch TV every evening. I'm watching TV now.* Typical activity verbs are: *watch, talk, spend, eat, learn, buy, cook, take.*
- State verbs talk about states, feelings and opinions. We don't usually use state verbs in the Present Continuous (or other continuous verb forms): *I like broccoli.* not ~~*I'm liking broccoli.*~~
- Learn these common state verbs.

| 'be and have' verbs | 'think and know' verbs | 'like and hate' verbs | senses | other verbs |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|---|
| be have (got) own belong | think know believe understand remember forget mean | like love hate prefer want | see hear taste smell touch | hope seem need cost agree weigh contain |

Adverbial phrases of time

Present Continuous

NOW

AT THIS MOMENT

LOOK!

LISTEN!

TODAY

TONIGHT

THIS...

Simple Present

Every...

Always

Usually

Often

Sometimes

Rarely/seldom

Never

COMPARE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES:

I AM WORKING IN A FACTORY.

I WORK IN A FACTORY.

.

COMPARE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES:

I AM WORKING IN A FACTORY.
I WORK IN A FACTORY.

TEMPORARY
PERMANENT

.

A. PUT THE VERBS IN BRACKETS IN EITHER THE SIMPLE PRESENT OR PRESENT CONTINUOUS.

1. The doorbell (ring) very often.
2. The doorbell (ring) now.
3. He (write) many letters to his parents.
4. John is busy now. He (write) a letter.
5. Mr. Jones (smoke) very much.
6. He (smoke) more than a package of cigarettes every day.
7. Look! He (smoke) a cigarette now.
8. It (rain) a great deal during the spring months.
9. Look! It (begin) to rain.
10. Listen! Someone (knock) at the door.
11. The bus always (stop) at this corner.
12. The bus (stop) for us now.
13. I always (get) on the bus at this corner.
14. Mr. and Mrs. Smith(build) a new home on Second Avenue.
15. We(have) English lessons three times a week.
16. We (have) our English lesson now.
17. Look! Helen (wave) to us from across the street.
18. William always (come) to school by bus.
19. Be quiet or you will wake the baby. She(sleep).
20. She (sleep) about fourteen hours a day.
21. Mr. Reese (speak) English with a strong foreign accent.

A.

1. The doorbell RINGS very often.
2. The doorbell IS RINGING now.
3. He WRITES many letters to his parents.
4. John is busy now. He IS WRITING a letter.
5. Mr. Jones SMOKES very much.
6. He SMOKES more than a package of cigarettes every day.
7. Look! He IS SMOKING a cigarette now.
8. It RAINS a great deal during the spring months.
9. Look! It IS BEGINNING to rain.
10. Listen! Someone IS KNOCKING at the door.
11. The bus always STOPS at this corner.
12. The bus IS STOPPING for us now.
13. I always GET on the bus at this corner.
14. Mr. and Mrs. Smith ARE BUILDING a new home on Second Avenue.
15. We HAVE English lessons three times a week.
16. We ARE HAVING our English lesson now.
17. Look! Helen IS WAVING to us from across the street.
18. William always COMES to school by bus.
19. Be quiet or you will wake the baby. She IS SLEEPING.
20. She SLEEPS about fourteen hours a day.
21. Mr. Reese SPEAKS English with a strong foreign accent.



ADDITIONAL EXERCISES

b)

1. Sarah (speak) Italian and French but she (not, speak) German.
2. Be careful! You'll wake up my Mom. She (sleep).
3. He (not, travel) to work every day.
4. My brother and my father (work) in London but at the moment they
..... (be) in Moscow.
5. Sarah (not, like) pizza and macaroni but she (enjoy) eating burgers.
6. They usually (go) to school by bus but today we(go) on foot.
7. I (be) busy now. I (write) a letter to my parents. I
..... (not, write) to them very often.
8. I (not, think) he is a fool!
9. We (not, enjoy) going to parties but we (enjoy) this one very much.

b)

1. Sarah SPEAKS Italian and French but she DOESN'T SPEAK German.
2. Be careful! You'll wake up my Mom. She IS SLEEPING.
3. He DOESN'T TRAVEL to work every day.
4. My brother and my father WORK in London but at the moment they ARE in Moscow.
5. Sarah DOESN'T LIKE pizza and macaroni but she ENJOYS eating burgers.
6. They usually GO to school by bus but today we ARE GOING on foot.
7. I AM busy now. I AM WRITING a letter to my parents. I DON'T WRITE to them very often.
8. I DON'T THINK he is a fool!
9. We DON'T ENJOY going to parties but we ARE ENJOYING this one very much.

c)

1. Look! Junko into the water. (jump)
2. Helunch in the cafeteria every day. (have)
3. Don't give Jan any cheese. She it! (hate)
4. You won't find Jerry at home right now. He in the library. (study)
5. Once a week, my sister to an art class at the college. (go)
6. Simon is rich - he a Mercedes. (drive)
7. It quite hard -- perhaps we shouldn't go out tonight. (snow)

c)

1. Look! Junko IS JUMPING into the water. (jump)
2. He HAS lunch in the cafeteria every day. (have)
3. Don't give Jan any cheese. She HATES it! (hate)
4. You won't find Jerry at home right now. He IS STUDYING in the library. (study)
5. Once a week, my sister GOES to an art class at the college. (go)
6. Simon is rich - he DRIVES a Mercedes. (drive)
7. It IS SNOWING quite hard -- perhaps we shouldn't go out tonight. (snow)

2 Complete the pairs of sentences using the verb in the Present Simple or the Present Continuous.

1 come

Alec and Marie are French. They _____ from Paris.

They'll be here very soon. They _____ by car.

2 have

Lisa can't come to the phone. She _____ dinner now.

She _____ a beautiful new car.

3 think

I _____ that all politicians tell lies.

I _____ about my girlfriend at the moment. She's in Australia.

4 not enjoy

We _____ this party at all. The music is too loud.

We _____ big parties.

5 watch

Be quiet! I _____ my favourite programme.

I always _____ it on Thursday evenings.

6 see

Joe isn't here. He _____ the doctor at the moment.

I _____ your problem, but I can't help you. I'm sorry.

7 use (Careful!)

This room _____ usually _____ for big meetings.

But today it _____ being _____ for a party.

- 2 **T 2.4** Put the verbs in the correct form, Present Simple or Present Continuous.

Conversation 1

A What (1) _____ (that man/do) over there?

B He (2) _____ (wait) for the bank to open.

A But the banks (3) _____ (not open) on Saturday afternoons.

B (4) _____ (you/think) he's a bank robber? Watch out! He

(5) _____ (take) something out of his pocket. He

(6) _____ (walk) towards us!

C Excuse me. Could you tell me the time, please?

Conversation 2

A What (7) _____ (you/do)?

B I (8) _____ (pack) my suitcase. I (9) _____ (leave) you and this house.

A But I (10) _____ (not/understand). Where (11) _____ (you/go)?

B I (12) _____ (not/know). The only thing I (13) _____ (know) is that Peter (14) _____ (meet) me at the airport at six o'clock.

2 Conversation 1

1 's that man doing 2 's waiting
3 don't open 4 Do you think
5 's taking 6 's walking

Conversation 2

7 are you doing 8 'm packing 9 'm
leaving 10 don't understand 11 are
you going 12 don't know 13 know
14 is meeting

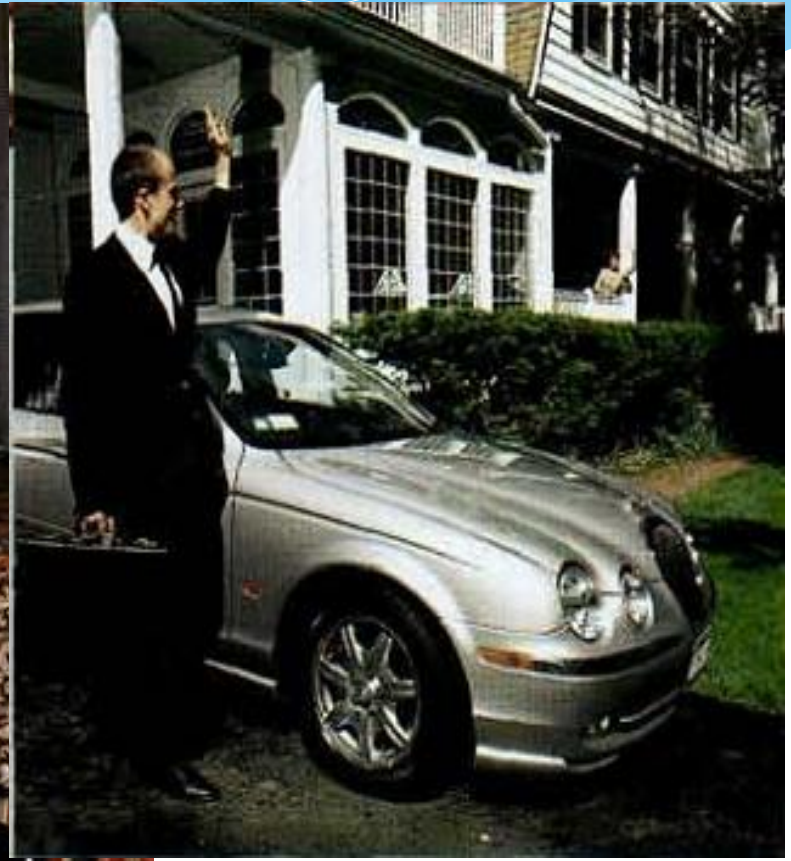
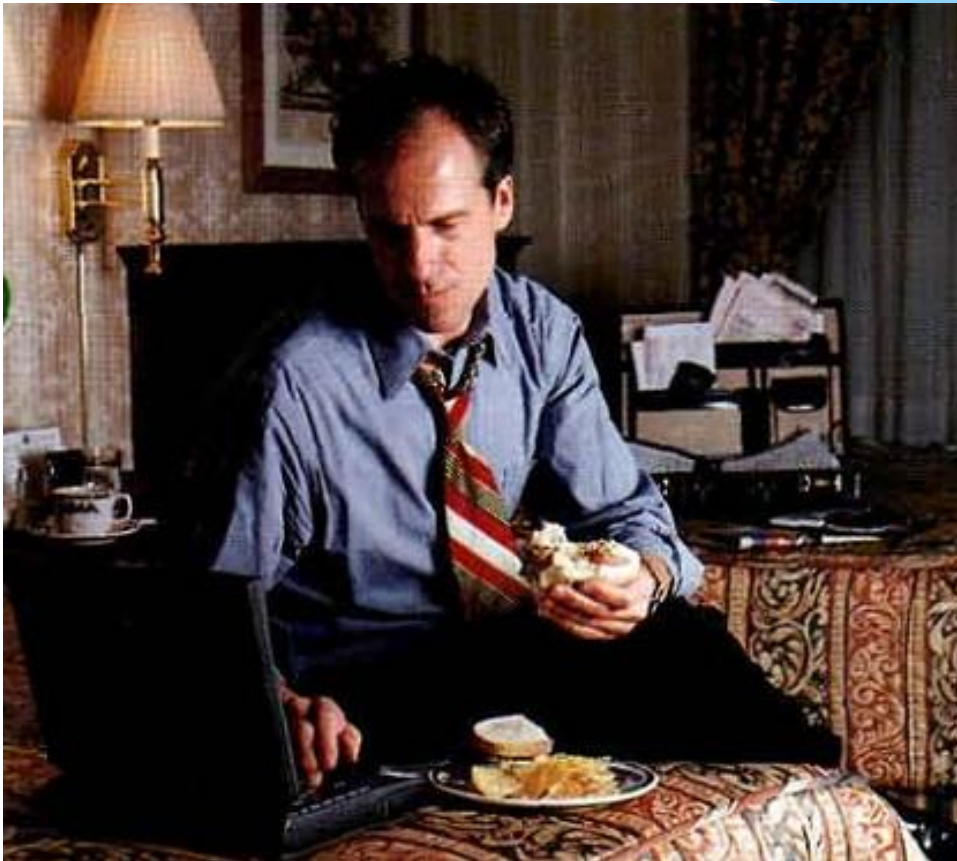
Present Simple or Present Continuous?

Is the verb form in the sentences correct (✓) or incorrect (✗)?
Correct the wrong sentences.

- 1 I'm thinking you should go to the dentist.
- 2 What are you thinking of doing on Saturday?
- 3 Why do you leave so early? Don't you enjoy the party?
- 4 Nobody is ever laughing at my husband's jokes. It's so embarrassing.
- 5 I don't believe a word he says. He always tells lies.
- 6 We're seeing our bank manager at half past two.
- 7 I'm not seeing how I can help you.
- 8 Does this train stop at Oxford?
- 9 He's never knowing the answer.

Get happy

This is Mr Sidney Fisk. He is 45. What can you tell us about him from the photos?



Get Happy

T 2.1 Read and listen to the text about Sidney Fisk. Answer the questions.

- 1 What do you think are the good and bad things about Sidney's life?
- 2 Do you think his life is exciting or boring? Would you like to have a life like Sidney's?
- 3 Do you know any people with similar lives? Are they happy?

‘I don’t know
if I’m happy.’

Get Happy

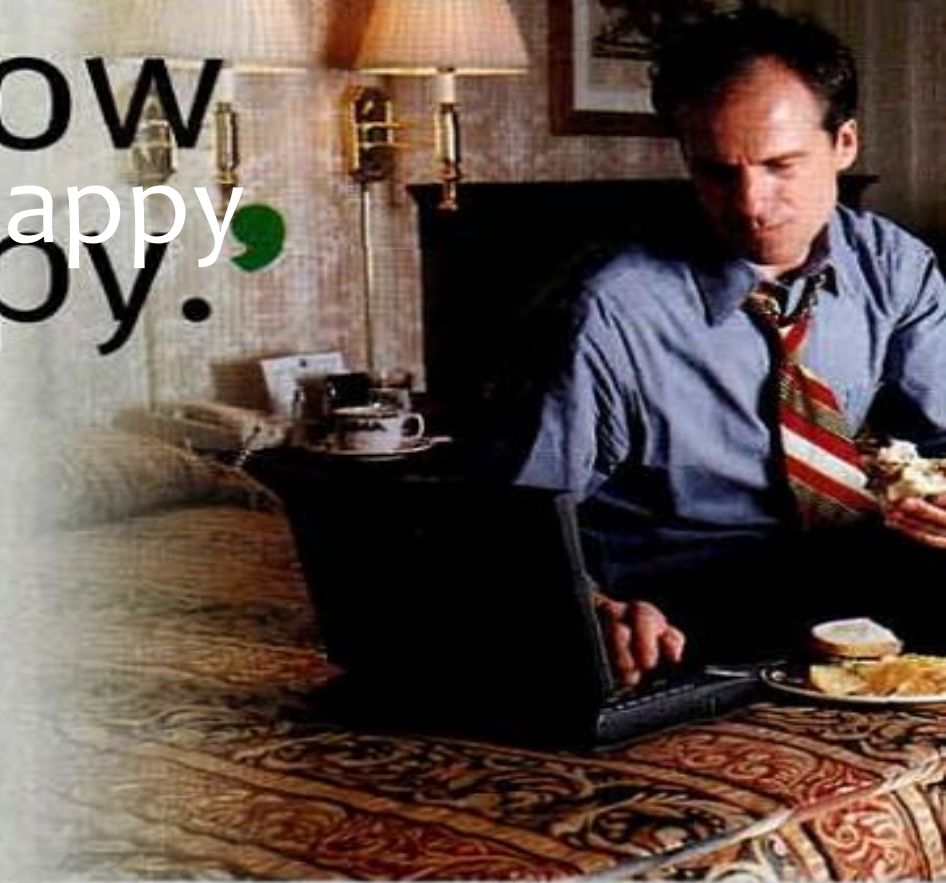
Sidney Fisk, 45

Work

Sidney Fisk is a lawyer. He’s paid very well, but he usually has to work long hours. He works for an international company in Dallas, Texas, so he travels a lot in his job. At the moment he’s working in Mexico, and next week he’s travelling to France.

Home life

Sidney is married and he’s got two children, aged 11 and 14. He rarely sees his children because so much of his time is spent away from home. He’s got a beautiful house in a suburb of Dallas. It’s very big, with eight bedrooms. His wife is an interior designer.



Free time

If he’s at home at the weekend, he and his wife sometimes play golf, but that doesn’t happen very often. They never have much time to relax together.

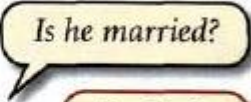
Is he happy?

55 He says he doesn’t know if he’s happy. He’s too busy to think about it. 11/2/2016

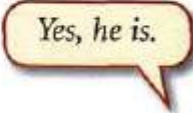
Get Happy

Complete the questions about Sidney.
Then ask and answer them with a partner.

- ... married?
- What ... do?
- Where ... live?
- Has ... any children?
- What ... his wife do?
- Which sports ... play?
- Where ... working at the moment?
- ... paid very well?



Is he married?



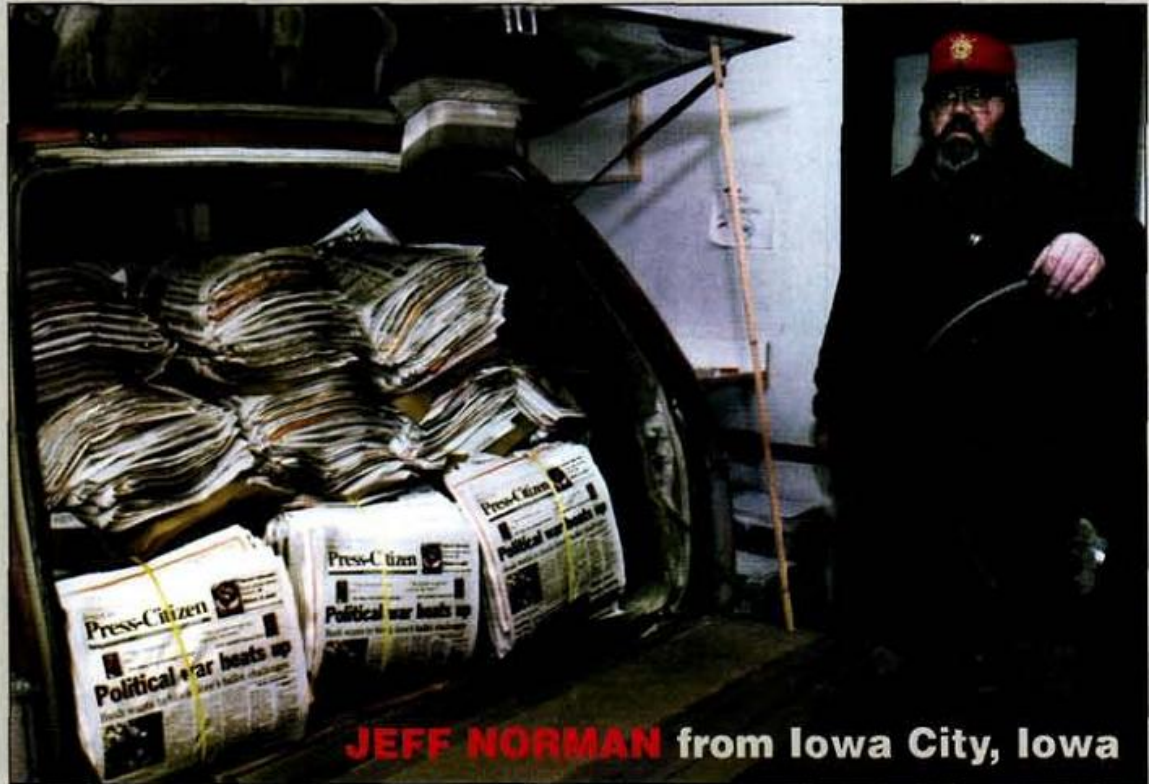
Yes, he is.

Key:

1. Is he married? – *Yes, he is*
2. What does he do? *He is a lawyer.*
3. Where does he live? *He lives in Dallas.*
4. Has he got any children? *Yes, he has two children.*
5. What does his wife do? *His wife is an interior designer.*
6. Which sports does he play? *He sometimes plays golf.*
7. Where is he working at the moment? *He is working in Mexico.*
8. Is he paid well? *Yes, he is paid very well*

1 **T 2.3** Look at the photos and listen to Jeff Norman. What's unusual about his lifestyle? What does he like about it?

Extra! Extra! Read all about it! 45-year-old college graduate makes \$60,000 a year as a paperboy!



45-year-old college graduate makes \$60,000 a year as a paperboy!

People think it's a joke that a man my age with a college degree is a paperboy! But, hey, it's great. I'm paid good money – \$60,000 a year for four hours' work a day. On top of that I often get \$50 a week in tips. Not bad!

My job isn't easy. I get up at 2.00 a.m. every day, seven days a week. The first newspaper is delivered at 2.30 a.m. I finish four hours, 65 miles, and 1,000 newspapers later. I drive a red

Chevy Blazer and the newspapers are packed into the back.

I love the peace and quiet in the early morning. Most of the time I have the world to myself.

Occasionally, I meet a jogger. I usually get back home by 7.00 a.m. Then I have the rest of the day to be with my family and do what I want.

I have two teenage children and my wife works at the University of Iowa. Some days I coach my kids' baseball team, other days I play golf. I'm also studying for my master's degree at the moment. I want to be a marriage counsellor eventually, but I'm not in a hurry. I'm enjoying life too much. Some people think it's not much of a job but, hey, when they're sitting in an office, I'm playing golf! So I ask you – who has the better life?

2 What did Jeff say? Complete the sentences.

- 1 I 'm paid good money – \$60,000 a year. And I often _____ \$50 a week in tips.
- 2 I _____ at 2.00 a.m. The first newspaper _____ at 2.30 a.m.
- 3 I _____ a red Chevy Blazer and the newspapers _____ into the back.
- 4 I _____ the peace and quiet.
- 5 Occasionally, I _____ a jogger.
- 6 I usually _____ home by 7.00 a.m.
- 7 My wife _____ at the University of Iowa.
- 8 Some days I _____ my kids' baseball team, other days I _____ golf.
- 9 I _____ also _____ for my master's degree at the moment.
I _____ be a marriage counsellor.
- 10 Some people _____ it's not much of a job, but, hey, when they _____ in an office, I _____ golf.

Answers and tapescript

- 1 I'm **paid** good money – \$60,000 a year. And I often **get** \$50 a week in tips.
- 2 I **get up** at 2.00 a.m. The first newspaper is **delivered** at 2.30 a.m.
- 3 I **drive** a red Chevy Blazer and the newspapers are **packed** into the back.
- 4 I **love** the peace and quiet.
- 5 Occasionally, I **meet** a jogger.
- 6 I usually **get back** home by 7.00 a.m.
- 7 My wife **works** at the University of Iowa.
- 8 Some days I **coach** my kids' baseball team, other days I **play** golf.
- 9 I'm also **studying** for my master's degree at the moment. I **want to** be a marriage counsellor.

Write notes about Sidney and Jeff in the chart

| | Sidney | Jeff |
|------------------------|---------------|-------------|
| Work | | |
| Home and family | | |
| Free time | | |

Key

| | Sidney | Jeff |
|------------------------|---|----------------------|
| Work | Lawyer in an international company | Paper boy |
| Home and family | Wife, two children | Wife, a child |
| Free time | Sometimes plays golf | Playing golf |

Compare Sidney's life with Jeff's. What do they have in common?

- They are both 45 years old
- They both finished college
- They are both married
- They both have children
- They both earn well.
- They both play golf.

PRACTICE

Discussing grammar

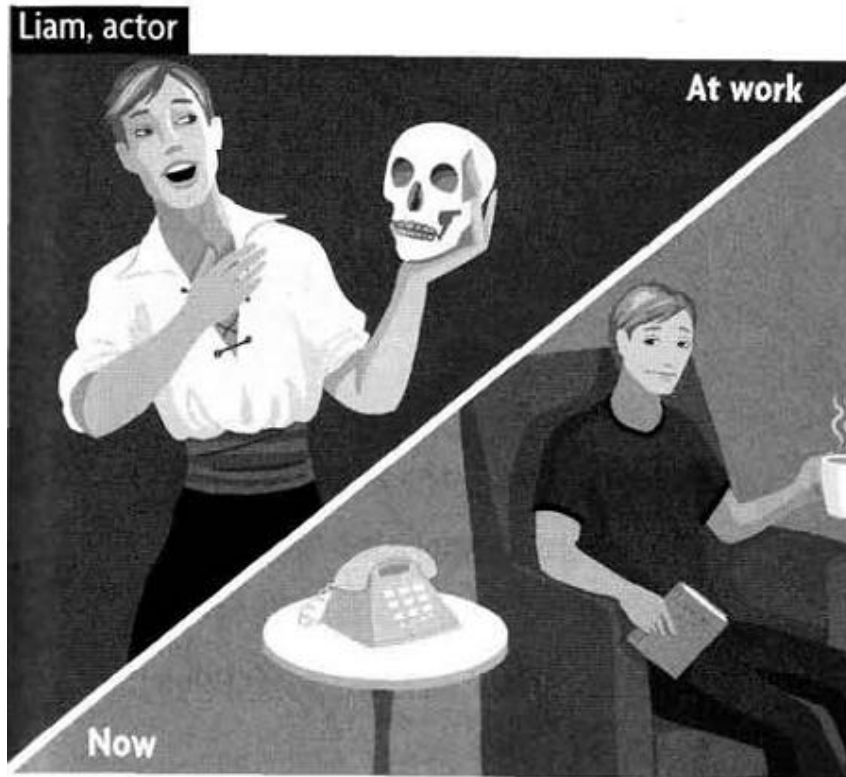
- 1** Are these sentences correct (✓) or incorrect (✗)? Correct the mistakes.
- 1 What do you want to drink? ✓
 - 2 I'm not understanding this word. ✗
I don't understand this word.
 - 3 I'm loving you a lot.
 - 4 Do you think Michiko plays golf well?
 - 5 I'm sorry. I'm not knowing the answer.
 - 6 We're enjoying the lesson very much.
We're working hard.
 - 7 I'm thinking you speak English very well.
 - 8 The lions are fed once a day. They're being fed at the moment.

GRAMMAR SPOT

- 1 Find these words in the text about Sidney Fisk: *usually, often, rarely, never*. What kind of words are they?
- 2 What tense are most of the verbs in the text? Why?
- 3 Find two examples each in the text of the Present Continuous and the Present Simple passive. Which auxiliary verb is used to form these?
- 4 Complete the questions and answers with the correct auxiliary verbs.
 - a _____ he travel a lot? Yes, he _____.
 - b _____ she work in a bank? No, she _____.
 - c _____ they play golf? Yes, they _____.
 - d _____ you play tennis? No, I _____.
 - e _____ he paid a lot? Yes, he _____.
 - f _____ he working in France at the moment? No, he _____.

 **Grammar Reference 2.1 and 2.2 pp135–136**

Look at this picture and make sentences



Liam is an actor and he **WORKS** at the theatre. He **has** a play every night.

He **is reading** a book, **drinking** tea and **expecting** a telephone call now.

Rita is a basketball coach.
She **trains** girls every
afternoon.

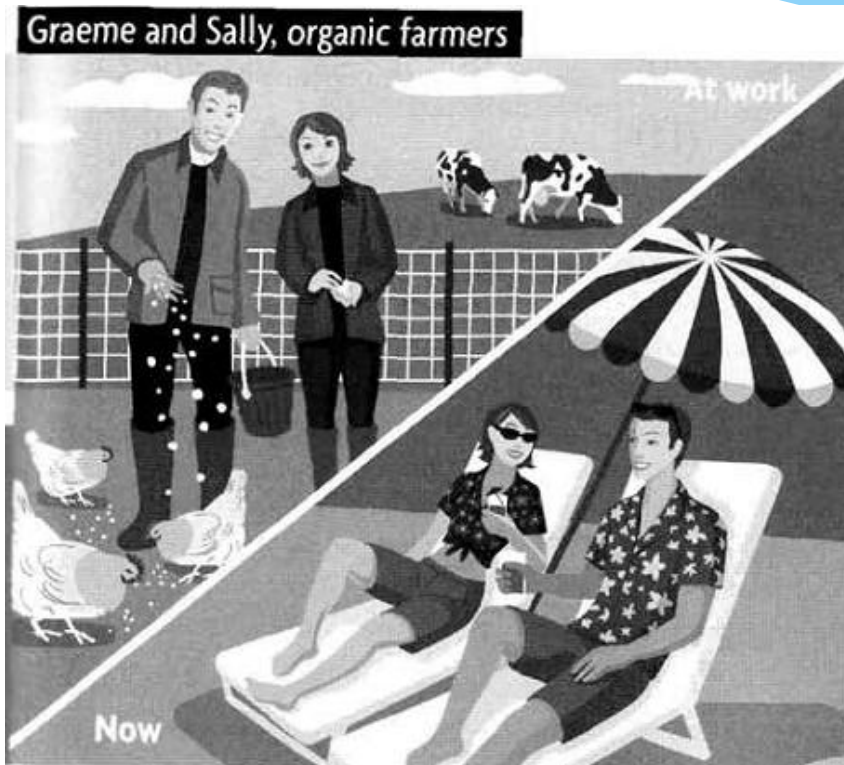
She is at home now and
she **is giving** lunch to
her children.

Rita, basketball coach



Graeme and Sally are organic farmers. They **feed** chickens and other animals and **work** on their farm every day.

They are at the beach now. They **are sunbathing**, **drinking cocktails** and **having** a great time.



Present Simple or Present Continuous?

Is the verb form in the sentences correct (✓) or incorrect (✗)?

Correct the wrong sentences.

- 1 I'm thinking you should go to the dentist.
- 2 What are you thinking of doing on Saturday?
- 3 Why do you leave so early? Don't you enjoy the party?
- 4 Nobody is ever laughing at my husband's jokes. It's so embarrassing.
- 5 I don't believe a word he says. He always tells lies.
- 6 We're seeing our bank manager at half past two.
- 7 I'm not seeing how I can help you.
- 8 Does this train stop at Oxford?
- 9 He's never knowing the answer.



That's all Folks!

THANK YOU FOR COMING!
SEE YOU NEXT WEEK.

SEE YOU NEXT WEEK!
THANK YOU FOR COMING!